

Clean Technology & The Renewable, Sustainable Energy Sector In Canada

DESCRIPTION

Canada needs to move beyond the limited focus on traditional industries and make Canada a global leader in all aspects of the new emerging global green economy. As an example, the government needs to make clean technology, including renewable energy production and the manufacture of renewable energy producing products (like solar panels, wind turbines, etc.), a high priority in an effort to grow a diversified 21st century economy.

This strategy should be broad and to be successful would have to address the following challenges:

- build a stronger industrial structure, i.e. larger SMEs and more large firms entirely dedicated to the environment and green technology;
- develop and accelerate the marketing of homegrown technologies;
- capitalize on local markets to stimulate growth in the environmental and green technology industry;
- increase exports and acquire a strong position in buoyant niches in international markets; and
- achieve the convergence of the efforts of all players in the sector.

BACKGROUND

The scope of the clean technology and renewable energy opportunities are poorly understood. While investments in renewable energy are well underway in many jurisdictions, the scope of change required will be well beyond electricity generation. Innovation in terms of new technologies and new practices will be required in a range of other areas.

Much of the recent energy dialogue has focused on the price of oil and the impact this is having on federal and provincial budgets. This misses the fact that a more fundamental shift is occurring in the global economy. For the first time in more than a century, multiple signs suggest that the dominance of fossil fuels is beginning to decline.

It should be recognized that some Canadian and international governments have already begun placing a direct focus on the green economy. "Technology and Green Economy" forms a part of the B.C. Jobs Plan. In addition, the British Columbia Provincial Government has also developed "B.C.'s Green Economy – Growing Green Jobs". Nova Scotia has created a rebate programs for a variety of solar and energy efficient



green products for consumers through Efficiency Nova Scotia. "Sustainable Development Technology Canada" (SDTC) has established a role that fills the gap in government funding for Canadian renewable energy and cleantech projects. In addition, they provide consultation for small and medium- sized enterprises (SMEs) wishing to engage in clean technology and renewable energy projects. While the creation of SDTC is a welcome initiative, it is insufficient for the scale of the challenge facing Canada. While this program needs to be highlighted, expanded and encouraged, there are other successful programs in other jurisdiction that should be replicated here in Canada; perhaps the best examples can be found in Germany.

In conjunction with their National Action Plan on Energy Efficiency (NAPE), Germany has implemented a number of investment and incentive programs to foster the shift to renewable energy generation and clean technology. Some of these include, but are not limited to, premium funding to strengthen the establishment of the renewable technologies in the heat market, special promotions of offshore wind energy projects, low-interest loans, high volume loans for large-scale investment projects. The SME Energy Consulting programme in Germany which is run by KfW and the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy helps unleash energy saving in SMEs. Consultations may qualify for subsidies of up to 80 per cent of the consultation costs. Around 17,000 companies received consultations under this program from 2008 to 2013. All told, the consultations led to EUR 0.7 to 1.4 billion of investment and 1.5 to 2.7 terawatt-hours of energy savings. Every publicly financed euro generated EUR 16 to 29 in private investment.

While market forces will be a key determinant of successful new technologies, governments have a critical role to play in setting the scene for this societal shift. We have seen a number of instances where government has been successful in initiating programs that have resulted in positive outcomes. As Already referenced the carbon tax has been a resound success in reducing BC's greenhouse gas emissions while having no negative impact on the rage of growth in the BC economy. In addition, we have seen the Efficiency Nova Scotia programs result in a significant reduction in electricity consumption through a range of programs, including targeted incentive and rebate programs.

RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure that Canada is able to move quickly to establish ourselves as a global leader, we should look to best practices globally to identify programs that encourage the production, sale and purchase of renewable energy and green products. Canada has a unique opportunity. Canada has an undeniable advantage to be at the vanquard of addressing the challenges raised by today's industrial and environmental issues. This will



require consultation and a focused effort by government to play a leadership role in partnership with the private sector.

These technologies are in demand worldwide and will be a catalyst in driving a diverse 21st century economy in Canada. Jurisdictions around the world are looking to lead. Without a coordinated plan we will quickly see Canada overtaken and left behind in the new global economy, missing huge economic opportunities.

We recommend that the federal government:

- Develop and implement a plan to advance Canada's contribution to select aspects of a new global economy, the conservation and efficiency industry, clean energy and clean technology sector; and
- Implement industrial, commercial and residential green programs, based on cost-effective market implementation to support, attract and retain clean technology and renewable, sustainable energy technologies in Canada; and
- Continue to work with the business community, provinces/territories, and international institutions and governments to further develop emerging clean technologies and to work toward a common target for emissions reductions.

Passed at Canadian Chamber of Commerce AGM Sept 2019