



**IDENTITY  
& SECURITY**  
CONFERENCE

December 1-2 Gaylord National Harbor

# Innovation for Preventing Misuse of Vital Records Documents

---

Elaine Wooton - Technical Advisor / Forensic Document Examiner

# SCI-FI LIKES PKI

*INNOVATION FOR PREVENTING MISUSE OF  
VITAL RECORDS DOCUMENTS*

FORUM

The logo for FORUM features the word in a stylized, serif font. The letter 'O' is replaced by a circular icon containing a neural network or brain-like structure with a central white dot. The letters are filled with a gradient that transitions from a deep purple at the bottom to a bright cyan at the top. The letters 'R' and 'M' have long, sweeping tails that extend downwards and outwards.

FUTURE OF IDENTITY

# *Who*

Former INS/ICE “Crime Lab”

## Expertise

- ∞ evaluating counterfeit identity documents
- ∞ better design for security documents
- ∞ “transition” between physical & digital IDs
- ∞ transparency within the identity ecosystem

## *Why*

- ∞ *Changes in the identity ecosystem seem random and many do not primarily serve the needs of individuals*
- ∞ *We can influence the future by just thinking about it – and talking about it!*
- ∞ *Utah and “SEDI”*

## *Utah and “SEDI”*

The **State-Endorsed Digital Identity (SEDI)** initiative in Utah aims to create a **decentralized digital identity framework** that prioritizes individual control and privacy.

Key aspects include:

**Individual Autonomy:** SEDI emphasizes that identity is inherently decentralized and belongs to the individual, not the government.

**Governance and Privacy:** The initiative seeks to restore trust in digital identity by ensuring that individuals fully control their digital identifiers and that the state endorses and protects their identity.

Security

Privacy

Trust

Usability

CORE  
CHALLENGES  
OF IDENTITY  
MANAGEMENT

## *Core problems*

"How do I prove who I am?"

Identity management revolves around a few hard questions:

- ∞ Who are you really?
- ∞ How can you prove it safely and conveniently?
- ∞ Who (or what) do you trust to say that's true?

Who coordinates that all the entities involved with identity management are well-informed and perform effectively?

## *Vital records ecosystem*

USERS: Everyone / Potential fraud victims

ISSUANCE: State registrars / Document Vendors

ENFORCEMENT: Law enforcement / Identity thieves & fraudsters

ACCOUNTABLE ENTITIES: States – Service Vendors

RESOURCES: Machine authentication system companies - Internet identity verification companies - Forensic personnel

## *Lessons from Sci-Fi: Human Identity Verification*

**Philip K. Dick, *Flow My Tears, The Policeman Said* (1974)**

Scene: The main character, Jason Taverner, discovers one morning that all his identification has been wiped out—no record of him exists, nobody recognizes him, his fame is gone. Identity is erased in bureaucratic / technological systems.

## *Lessons from Sci-Fi: Human Identity Verification*

### **Philip K. Dick, *Flow My Tears, The Policeman Said* (1974)**

... the protagonist Jason Taverner wakes up one day to discover that *all his identification cards are missing*; checkpoints stop people without valid ID; if you can't prove who you are (via the documents that are normally required), you're in serious trouble.

**\*\*\* *Implications* \*\*\***

# Human Identity Verification



**Biometric identity becomes foundational:** face, iris, retina, fingerprints, possibly gait, voice, and even implants that record or generate memory. The idea is that who you *are* biologically or via augmentation becomes the credential.



**Memory or data implants:** verifying someone via their personal history, memories, or brain data. If that can be edited or stolen, then verification includes checking integrity, versioning, etc.



**Continuous / passive verification:** instead of "showing your ID card," the environment (smart devices, sensors) continuously recognizes or verifies you (e.g. walking past a gate, you're face-recognized). Physical documents become less central.



**Corporations / centralized entities controlling verification:** often these systems are controlled by big institutions or megacorps (or governments), so having access to verification is as much about having the right data/permissions + being registered properly.



**Privacy/security trade-offs** are a big tension: how to prevent identity theft, how to protect biometric templates; how to avoid misuse; who holds the verification power.

# Lessons from Sci-Fi: Product Verification

1. Permanence by Karl Schroeder (2002) “Every object carries its own history, its own provenance, encoded in **nanites** that communicate with the world around them. To buy something, you don’t just check its price - you verify its entire lineage.” *Paraphrased*, but the whole book’s premise is that nano-tags on all objects record ownership, usage rights, and authenticity, making counterfeit or stolen goods easily detectable.
2. The Diamond Age by Neal Stephenson (1995) “**Smart matter** could report on its own condition and ownership, instantly revealing whether an object was genuine or forged.” The idea that smart materials embedded in products constantly report and verify themselves.
3. "Supply Chain of the Future" (Futurism article, 2023) “Using **blockchain-backed digital twins and embedded sensors**, companies will verify each product’s authenticity and status throughout its lifecycle, preventing fraud and counterfeit.” This is nonfiction, but it’s a concrete near-future vision for product verification.
4. "Nano-Tagging for Object Identity" (Science Advances, 2024) “Tiny **nanobots** embedded within manufactured goods will broadcast **unique encrypted signatures**, enabling instant verification by consumer devices and regulatory checkpoints.” Again, a current scientific forecast on the path to future product ID.
5. "Black Mirror: Metalhead" (TV episode, 2017)
  - While not about product verification per se, the technology in the episode implies that items or even living things can be tracked and verified remotely by machines with their **unique digital signatures**.
  - Implies a future where everything is traceable and verifiable on the fly.

## *Product Verification*

**Nano-tagging or smart materials** embedded in products that verify their authenticity, ownership, and history.

**Blockchain-backed provenance records**—immutable digital histories linked to physical objects.

**Encrypted digital signatures** broadcast by products or containers.

**Real-time verification** via devices (phones, scanners, checkpoints).

**Integrated product identity with personal identity** — e.g., when you buy something, your implant or ID verifies you and links to ownership.

# LESSONS FROM SCI-FI

---

Sci-Fi likes PKI

---

Sci-Fi likes retina scans

---

Sci-Fi likes cloning

---

Sci-Fi likes life extension – moving our brains/consciousness to new hosts

# LESSONS FROM SCI-FI

---

\*\* Sci-Fi likes PKI \*\*

---

Sci-Fi likes retina scans

---

Sci-Fi likes cloning

---

Sci-Fi likes life extension – moving our brains/consciousness to new hosts

Over the years, birth records (& marriage/death) evolved from entries in a family bible to simple documents and, later, to high security documents with complex printing and security features.

The quality of the more recent documents served a specific purpose – the sophistication of the documents served to bind the document data to the issuing authority.

Over time, the degree to which counterfeiters deceptively duplicate security printing and security features means that, based solely on those features, the documents appear to be bound to their issuing authority.

Since the document itself is no longer sufficient to ensure issuing states hold the corresponding data, it is critical to include a feature that definitively binds the document data to the issuer.

Having a digitally signed element that is signed by the issuer's private encryption key serves that purpose. Having a digitally signed PDF also serves that purpose.

## 1. Colonial Era – mid-1800s

No standardized “birth certificates” / Births recorded informally by churches, midwives, families, or in family Bibles / Clergy or town clerks might attest to entries, but there was no official certificate or security paper

## 2. Late 1800s – Early State Registration

Industrialization and public health efforts pushed states to begin vital records systems / Cities often implemented registration before states (e.g., Boston, NYC) / Paper forms varied widely by jurisdiction / Birth attendants (doctors, midwives) were required to file notices / Certificates were simple text forms with signatures, no standard seal

## 3. 1900–1930: National Standardization Efforts

*Key milestone: U.S. Census Bureau creates the **Model Birth Certificate (1900)***

States begin adopting standardized formats / Centralized state registrars emerge / Certification begins to include embossed seals and official registrar signatures

## 4. 1933–1946: The Vital Records “Uniformity Era”

*Drivers: Social Security Act (1935) and WWII identity requirements*

Widespread adoption of **standard forms** defined in federal “Model State Vital Statistics Act” / Introduction of numbered **certified copies** (not the original record) / County and state seals become mandatory / Only designated registrars could issue authenticated copies / Record storage moves from local books to state archives.

## 5. 1950s–1980s: Security Paper and Anti-Forgery Measures

*Why: Increase in fraud tied to benefits, passports, mobility.*

Specialized **security paper** / Watermarks and microprint / Raised seals / Typed or machine-printed data / States maintain original, issue certified copies upon request

## 6. 1990s–2000s: Modernization and Identity Assurance

*Catalysts: passport security tightening, identity theft, REAL ID Act (2005).*

Laser-printed data / Barcodes or tracking numbers / Anti-copy backgrounds

## 7. 2010s–Present: Digital Verification Era

Electronic birth registration at hospitals / Encrypted digital record storage / Remote identity-proofed certificate requests /

Some jurisdictions piloting **digital birth certificate credentials**

STATE OF INDIANA



19 OPERATOR'S LICENSE 40

FEE 50¢

NAME

VIRGINIA MAGGART

ADDRESS

CLIFTY FALLS STATE PARK  
MADISON, INDIANA.

FORM 101



ISSUED BY

BUREAU OF MOTOR VEHICLES

FRANK FINNEY  
COMMISSIONER

AGE 24

RACE W

SEX F

EYES BLUE

No. 341291

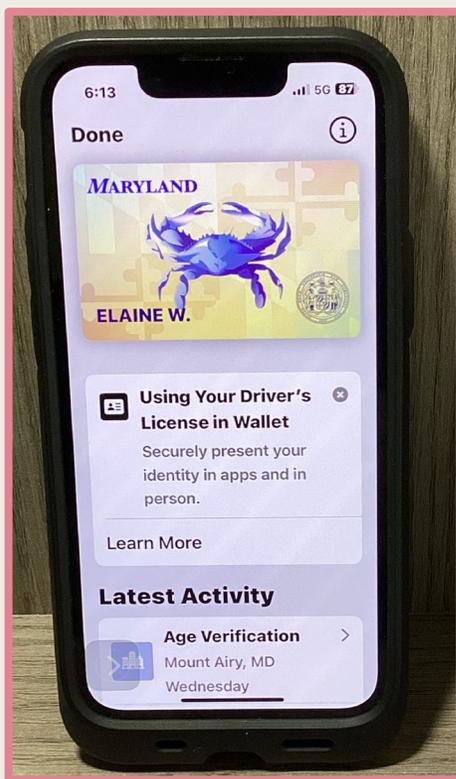
*Virginia Maggart*

VOID UNLESS SIGNED BY LICENSEE IN INK

# ADVANCEMENTS

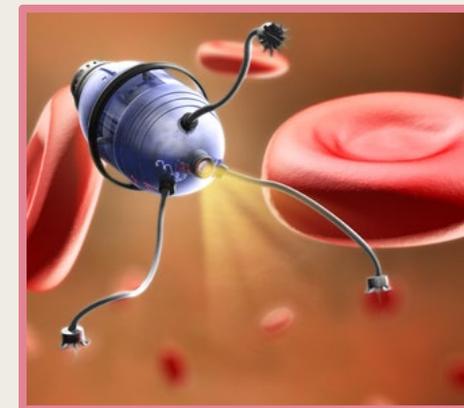
## Recent

- Mobile DL
- Digital ID – for individuals
- [Overlap between mobile and physical]



## Emerging / Future

- Digital ID – for business/goods/services
- Orb
- Nanobots
- ???



# Overlap between mobile (digital) and physical IDs – it's ALL PKI!

→ Add cryptographic elements to physical documents ←

- Digitally signed hash of document info added to barcode
- Verifiable Credential Barcode
- Barcode with Face Vector



## *Future of Identity*

Twenty years from now, birth certificates will likely be digital, biometric-linked, self-updating documents secured by cryptography, accessible via mobile or cloud interfaces, and globally verifiable.

Paper certificates may become largely ceremonial or backup artifacts, with the primary authority residing in secure, interoperable digital records.



## EVVE

Verify birth and death documents on demand with help from NAPHSIS.

[Learn More](#)



## Digital Issuance

Hear what NAPHSIS members and partners are saying about the future of digital identity data and fraud protection.

[Learn More](#)



## Strategic Plan

Learn how NAPHSIS is shaping the future of vital records through our Strategic Plan.

[Learn More](#)

## Are You Accredited?

Learn how your jurisdiction can secure the Vital Records and Health Statistics (VRHS) Accreditation.

[Learn More](#)



# Digital Issuance

While vital records are the current backbone of identity issuance in a paper-world, they are not yet incorporated into a digital one. It is essential that the vital records community continue to lead these efforts, to evolve, adapt, and respond to the growing demand for digital services, despite the challenges before us.

As NAPHSIS prioritizes this initiative, for vital records to move into the digital world, the membership is driving this forward into actionable next steps that are reasonable to achieve. This will be a pivotal shift in how vital records are accessed for future generations to come. Stay tuned for ongoing progress and updates as work continues.

Want to get involved? Contact [HQ@naphsis.org](mailto:HQ@naphsis.org)



## Definitions List

[Issuance](#)

[Digital Issuance](#)

[Personality Identity](#)

[Digital Identity](#)

[Digital Credential](#)

The action of supplying or distributing something, especially for official purposes.

## Digital Identity Working Groups

As part of our ongoing efforts to modernize vital records, five specialized working groups have been established. Each group focuses on a key area necessary for the successful digital issuance of vital records.



Verifiable Barcode



Digital Issuance and Wallet Standards and Interoperability



Decentralization Model and Trusted or Authorized Issuer List



Security & Privacy



Adoptability & Accessibility



## *AI disclosure*

Some of the content in this presentation was gathered using ChatGPT. References to specific texts may or may not be accurate. The em dashes have been removed.

FORUM

FUTURE OF IDENTITY