Next Generation Skillset

Case Study: Willowfork Fire Dept. Fort Bend ESD #2

Building a Structured Competency & Assessment

Program for Next Generation Firefighters



Background of the US Workplace



4 Generations in the US Workplace



Boomer Gen 1946 - 1964 **73M**

US Census Bureau 2020













Gen Xer's 1965 - 1981 65M

US Census Bureau 2020











Gen Yer's 1982 - 2000 83M

US Census Bureau 2020













Gen Zer's 2001 - 2021 69M

US Census Bureau 2020









Toto – We're not in Kansas any more

Understanding our Next Generation Behaviors:

- Fastest quit rate of any generation 18–24-month avg.
 - #1 reason for quitting? "I hate my boss!"
- Need for affirmation in their work
 - #2 reason they leave? "No one is helping me learn & develop"
- Lack of patience to put in the 'sweat equity'
 - #3 reason you struggle to keep them?
 "I'll never get promoted here"

Understanding our Next Generations Mindset:

- Technology savviness
 - Both Gen Y & Z have developed great skills with technology more than any other generation
- Short-term focus
 - Both Generations are focused on the here & now, vs looking longer term.
 They prefer being more agile
- Prioritizing Diversity and Inclusion
 - Both Generations more diverse and inclusive than pervious generations

Deloitte Survey

Deskera Survey



What Happens when all the "Boomers" are gone?

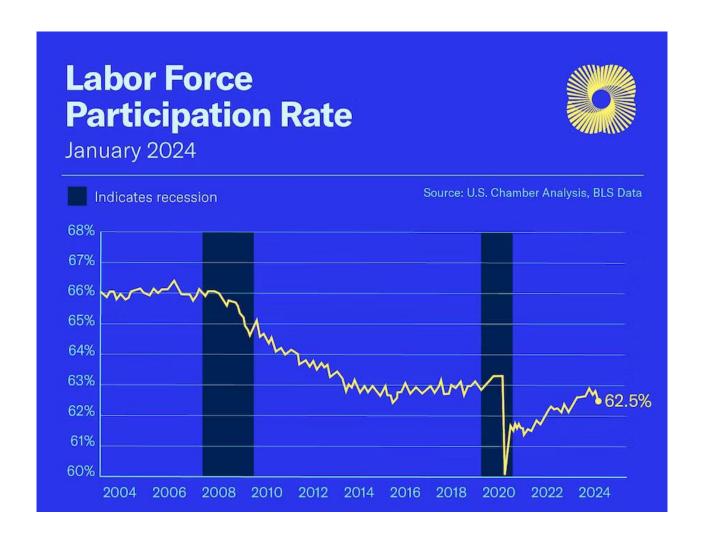
For the first time in US history, our frontline workplace is in crisis

• Legal Jobs group, suggest that roughly 10,000 boomers are retiring each DAY.

• Forbes shows that Gen Y & Zer's have been taught all their lives that "College" is the way for career success, which is why so many are not seeking "blue collar" jobs, even though many pay 6 figures



Next Gen Job Seekers are down





Understanding Why Developing Competency Matters



What do the Experts say Competency Is?

Competence means the ability to undertake responsibilities and to perform activities to a recognized standard on a regular basis. Competence is a combination of practical and thinking skills, knowledge, understanding and experience, and may include a willingness to undertake work activities in accordance with agreed standards, rules and procedures.

Competence depends on the context and the environment in which the activity is performed, and also on the working culture of the organization. In the work environment the standard of competence is the standard of work expected to satisfy a number of requirements, including business objectives as well as health and safety requirements.

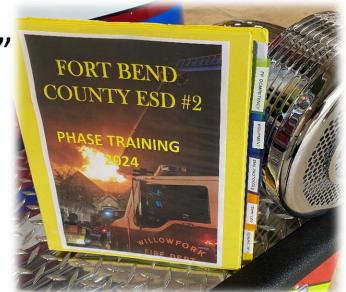
The context, environment and culture are particularly relevant during a person's development program before their first competence assessment, and when seeking to address any subsequent sub-standard performance. Developing competence will not in itself guarantee safety, but it will improve the predictability of good performance.

The Office of Rail Regulation



Building a Competency Management Program

- Recognition of firemen aging out of the department
- Structured way to capture their "tribal knowledge" and document it
- Define the Knowledge & Performance requirements for each competency and list "Types" of Evidence a fireman can present to help prove competency – "The Standard"
- Create personalized binders for each fireman as a tool to learn and understand what they are rated against – "The Standard"





Firemen's Learning & Development – Building Skillset

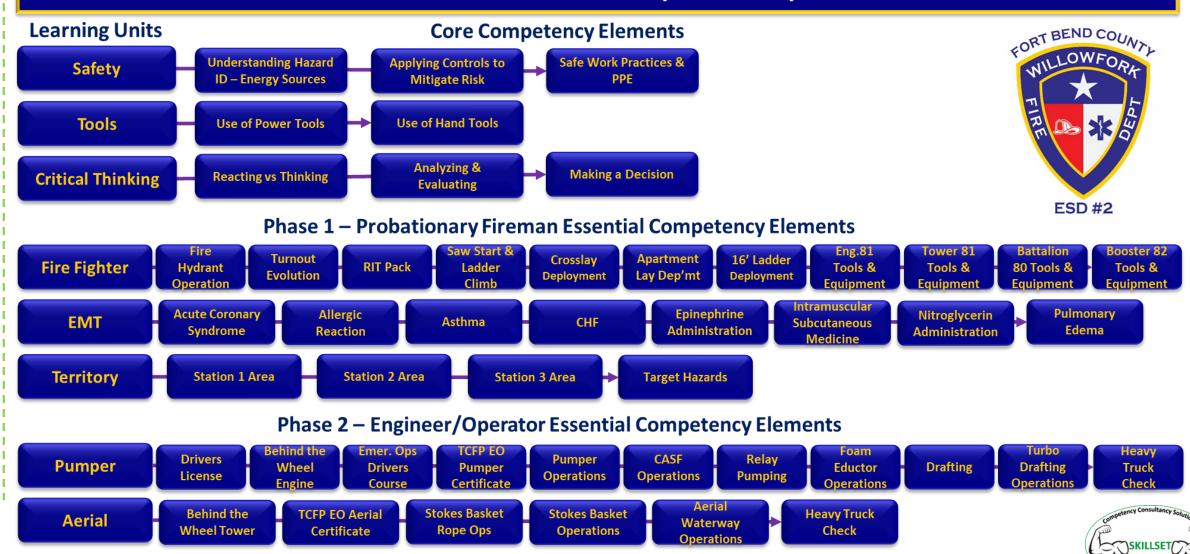
- As the new rookie or a seasoned firefighter who is promoting up to EO are ready, then Knowledge testing takes place
- If a knowledge test is failed, then additional training and retesting
- If a knowledge test is passed, then focus is on questions that were missed
- All this leads up to performance assessments by the trained assessor, against the position competency standard





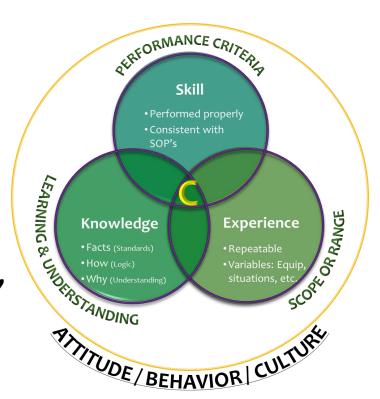


ESD#2 Fireman's Competency Profile



Rolling out the Program

- Our initial rollout was started in 2023 with hiring of 6 new full-time rookies
- They received their personalized Phase Grade binders as part of the onboarding process
- Our rookie training (online, classroom, hands-on, OJT) was linked to the required competencies listed in their competency binder
- After initial training was completed they stood for knowledge & performance assessments by trained competency assessors – measured against the department competency standard





Understanding Workplace Assessment



Is an Assessment Just a Written Exam?

- YES & NO An exam only shows level of Knowledge, where Performance shows they can apply the knowledge to actual work
- In the field of Occupational Competence, a trained & qualified assessor looks at both the knowledge and performance of an individual
- It's very important to understand "Supervisor Bias" when conducting any type of an assessment on direct reports
- Experts tell us, to gain the most accurate results of an individual's level of competence, assessment should be conducted by an independent assessor

Assessor Training for the WFFD

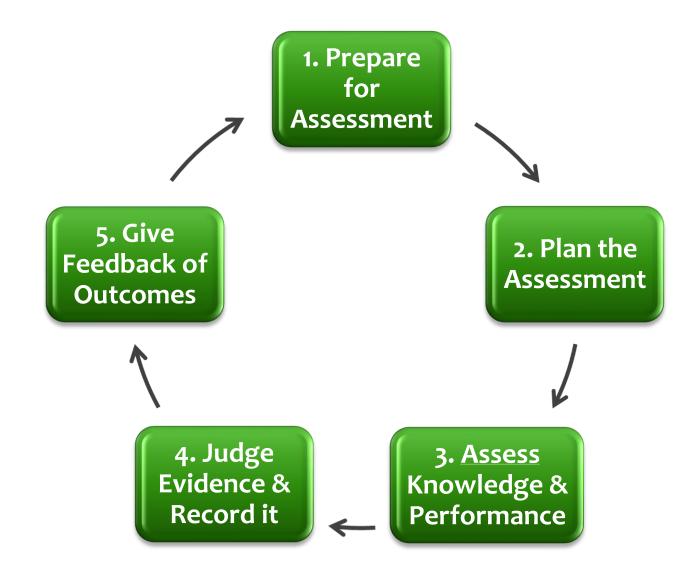
 Decision was made by the WFFD senior leadership to train all their captains as assessors in the program

We ran our 1 Day training course on how to conduct a workplace assessment

 Going forward, captains will be responsible to conducting assessments based on the WFFD Competency Standard



How the Assessment Cycle Works





Preparing for the Assessment

Is the candidate ready for the assessment?



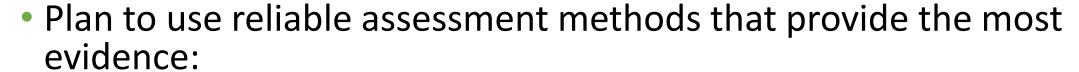
- Concepts and principles of assessment
- Competency Standard to be assessed against
- Evidence requirements
- Department requirements

 Understand how the candidate's job role and work environment can influence the assessment



Planning the Assessment

Identify evidence that is <u>valid</u> and <u>authentic</u> for candidate



 Questioning, Observation, Demonstration, Simulation, Work Products, Testimony, Recognized Prior Learning (Certificates)

 Assure the candidate is informed & understands how the assessment will be measured against the "Standard" and not your "personal opinion"



Sign-Off

Assessing Knowledge & Performance

- Identify & gather knowledge evidence:
 - Questions based on "Standard" to meet the requirements
 - Ask questions face-to-face or with written exams
 - Ensure all questions and answers are based on standard, auditable and recorded properly
- Identify & gather performance evidence:
 - Observe work open-mindedly, without interrupting (defer judgment)
 - Assure that work observations and products are authentic and valid
 - Obtain testimony from reliable witnesses if necessary
 - Consider other evidence where appropriate
 - Ensure all evidence is auditable and recorded





Judging Evidence & Recording Outcomes

When judging evidence:

- Does it meet some part of the standard (VALID)?
- Does the work product belong to the individual (AUTHENTIC)?
- Is the evidence capable of producing consistent results (RELIABLE)?
- Does the evidence reflect the work environment (CURRENT)?
- Can it meet all the requirements of the standard over time (SUFFICIENT)?

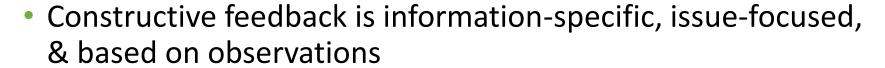
Recording Assessment Outcome – IS IT:

- Factual?
- Objective & Against the Standard?
- Auditable?





Providing Feedback of Outcomes





- When giving constructive feedback, don't fall into the trap of using praise or criticism
- Be direct when delivering your message Get to the point & avoid beating around the bush
- Both negative & positive feedback should be given in a straightforward neutral manner
- Give the feedback person-to-person, not through messengers of technology
- State observations, not interpretations



THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION



IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS AND WOULD LIKE TO FOLLOW UP BY EMAIL OR PHONE:

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